

# The sensitivity of rubber to elements such as:

**★Oxygen ★**0zone **★Infrared Rays ★Ultraviolet rays ★Heat** 

requires storage to follow some simple rules in order to protect the product against accelerated aging.

The following guidelines are in accordance with the standard ISO8331-2016:

Rubber, composite and plastic hoses and hose assemblies guidelines for selection, storage, use and maintenance.

## Storage room

> The room where the product is stored should be cool, dry, dust free and ventilated but without drafts.

#### Storage time

>> The storage time should be minimized. FIFO management (first in - first out) is highly recommended.

#### **Temperature**

- ▶ The temperature should be as stable as possible and preferably between -10° C and +25° C.
- ▶ Below -10° C, caution should be taken when handling the product because it can become very rigid.

# **Heating**

▶ The hoses and hose assemblies must be kept at least 2 meter away from any heat source.

### **Humidity**

>> The relative humidity should be below 70%.

### Light

> Items should be stored in a dark place, and protected from sunlight or any artificial light. (UV and IR).

### **Ozone**

> The storage room must not contain ozone-producing equipments, such as lamps or mercury vapor tubes, high voltage electrical equipment, electric motors, etc ...

#### **Environment**

>> Solvents, fuels, lubricants, chemicals should not be kept in the same room as hoses.

#### **Method of storage**

- > Hoses and hose assemblies must lie unconstrained and piling shall be limited whenever possible.
- >> The original packaging must be kept on as long as possible, including caps protecting the ends of the hoses.